Grande Prairie Gymnastic Society Financial Statements

June 30, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Grande Prairie Gymnastic Society:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Grande Prairie Gymnastic Society (the "Society"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2023, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Society as at June 30, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Society's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Grande Prairie, Alberta

December 5, 2023

Chartered Professional Accountants



Grande Prairie Gymnastic Society Statement of Financial Position As at June 30, 2023

	2023	202
Assets		
Current		
Cash (Note 3)	1,369,617	1,055,903
Accounts receivable	18,811	59,272
Prepaid expenses and deposits	9,166	186
Inventory	7,919	7,920
Funds held in trust (Note 4)	29,875	20,305
	1,435,388	1,143,400
Capital assets (Note 5)	137,128	141,790
	1,572,516	1,285,190
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable and accruals (Note 6)	124,983	102,112
Deferred revenue and prepaid fees (Note 7)	284,451	227,585
Trust liability (Note 4)	29,875	20,305
	439,309	350,002
Long-term debt (Note 8)	-	60,000
	439,309	410,002
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets	137,128	141,790
Internally restricted reserve	337,322	405,370
Unrestricted	658,757	328,028
	1,133,207	875,188
	1,572,516	1,285,190

Approved on behalf of the Board

Grande Prairie Gymnastic Society Statement of Operations For the year ended June 30, 2023

	2023	202
B		
Revenue	4 445 200	4 004 004
Programs and competition revenue Grant revenue	1,445,306 161,316	1,234,804 134,327
Cars for Christmas	69,769 36,701	70,69 52,42
Cash and Camping	32,332	32,98
Rental income Casino	32,332 31,037	32,90
		1 46
Interest	29,469	1,46
Donations Sale of merchandise	3,785	- 11 71
Sale of merchandise	-	11,74
Total revenue	1,809,715	1,538,443
Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	1,030,338	961,720
Supplies	152,481	99,44
Alberta Gymnastics Federation fees	122,854	108,11
Office expense	85,180	65,34
Travel	46,309	22,10
Bank and service fees	40,286	52,64
Amortization	32,710	35,96
Training and education	21,901	3,16
Professional fees	20,236	15,65
Insurance	8,876	8,46
Equipment rental	5,675	5,67
Telephone	4,491	4,16
Repairs and maintenance	309	22
Advertising	50	400
Alberta Cheerleading Association fees	•	5
Total expenses	1,571,696	1,383,130
Excess of revenue over expenses before other items	238,019	155,313
Other items		
Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy	_	67,58
Forgiveness of Canada Emergency Business Account	20,000	-
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	20,000	67,58
Excess of revenue over expenses	258,019	222,89

Grande Prairie Gymnastic Society Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Invested in capital assets	Net assets unrestricted	Internally restricted reserve	2023	2022
Net assets, beginning of year	141,790	328,028	405,370	875,188	652,295
Excess of revenue over expenses	-	258,019	-	258,019	222,893
	141,790	586,047	405,370	1,133,207	875,188
Capital assets purchased	28,048	-	(28,048)	-	-
Amortization	(32,710)	32,710	-	-	-
Transfer from internally restricted reserve	-	40,000	(40,000)	-	-
Net assets, end of year	137,128	658,757	337,322	1,133,207	875,188

Grande Prairie Gymnastic Society Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities		
Operating Evenue of revenue over evenues	259.040	222 202
Excess of revenue over expenses Amortization	258,019 32,710	222,893 35.964
Forgiveness of Canada Emergency Business Account	(20,000)	33,904
	· · · · ·	
	270,729	258,857
Changes in working capital accounts		
Accounts receivable	40,461	(1,740)
Inventory	1	5,780
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(9,166)	-
Accounts payable and accruals	22,871	14,943
Deferred revenue and prepaid fees	56,866	19,240
	381,762	297,080
Financing Panayment of long term debt	(40,000)	
Repayment of long-term debt	(40,000)	-
Investing		
Purchase of capital assets	(28,048)	(30,191)
Increase in cash resources	313,714	266,889
Cash resources, beginning of year	1,055,903	789,014
Cash resources, end of year	1,369,617	1,055,903

For the year ended June 30, 2023

1. Incorporation and nature of the society

Grande Prairie Gymnastic Society (the "Society") was incorporated under the Alberta Societies Act as a not-for-profit organization and is a NPO under the Income Tax Act. In order to maintain its status as a NPO under the Act, the Society must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management these requirements have been met.

The Society was established to provide Grande Prairie and area activities that meet the needs of all athletes in the gymnastics industry.

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations as issued by the Accounting Standards Board and include the following significant accounting policies:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with banks and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined by the first in, first out method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business.

Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution if fair value can be reasonably determined.

Amortization is provided using the declining balance and straight line method at rates intended to amortize the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives.

In the year of acquisition, amortization is taken at one-half of the below rates.

	Method	Rate
Computer equipment	declining balance	30 %
Equipment	declining balance	20 %
Leasehold improvements	straight-line	5 years

Invested in capital assets

Invested in capital assets represents the equity the Society has invested in capital assets. The balance is determined as the cost of capital assets, less accumulated amortization and less any related debt or deferred capital contributions.

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets consist of capital assets. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

The Society writes down long-lived assets held for use when conditions indicate that the asset no longer contributes to the Society's ability to provide goods and services. The asset are also written-down when the value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset is less than its net carrying amount. When the Society determines that a long-lived asset is impaired, its carrying amount is written down to the asset's fair value.

Contributed materials and services

Contributions of materials and services are not recognized in the statement of operations as revenue nor expense. The nature, and where a reasonable estimate exists amount, of contributed materials and services received are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Revenue recognition

The Society follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted grant and fundraising revenue are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted grant and fundraising revenue are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Contributions for the acquisition of capital assets are deferred and recognized as revenue on the same basis as the asset is amortized. Program fee revenue is recognized as the service is provided and deferred at year-end for services to be provided subsequent to year-end. Rental revenue is recognized at the beginning of each month for rental of the space for that month.

Government assistance

Claims for assistance under various government grant programs are recorded as other income in the year in which eligible expenditures are incurred.

Measurement uncertainty and use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary. Provisions are made for slow moving and obsolete inventory. Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of capital assets.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in excess of revenue and expenses in the periods in which they become known.

Financial instruments

The Society recognizes financial instruments when the Society becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Arm's length financial instruments

Financial instruments originated/acquired or issued/assumed in an arm's length transaction ("arm's length financial instruments") are initially recorded at their fair value.

At initial recognition, the Society may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any arm's length financial instrument at fair value. The Society has not made such an election during the year.

The Society subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments, except those designated in a qualifying hedging relationship or that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, at fair value. Fair value is determined by published price quotations. Investments in equity instruments not quoted in an active market and derivatives that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. With the exception of financial liabilities indexed to a measure of the Society's performance or value of its equity and those instruments designated at fair value, all other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in excess of revenue over expenses. Conversely, transaction costs and financing fees are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost.

For the year ended June 30, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Financial instruments (Continued from previous page)

Financial asset impairment

The Society assesses impairment of all its financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost. The Society groups assets for impairment testing when available information is not sufficient to permit identification of each individually impaired financial asset in the group; there are numerous assets affected by the same factors; or no asset is individually significant. Management considers whether the issuer is having significant financial difficulty; whether there has been a breach in contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments in determining whether objective evidence of impairment exists. When there is an indication of impairment, the Society determines whether it has resulted in a significant adverse change in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows during the year.

With the exception of related party debt instruments and related party equity instruments initially measured at cost, the Society reduces the carrying amount of any impaired financial assets to the highest of: the present value of cash flows expected to be generated by holding the assets; the amount that could be realized by selling the assets at the statement of financial position date; and the amount expected to be realized by exercising any rights to collateral held against those assets.

For related party debt instruments initially measured at cost, the Society reduces the carrying amount of the asset (or group of assets), to the highest of: the undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by holding the asset, or group of similar assets, excluding the interest and dividend payments of the instrument; the present value of cash flows expected to be generated by holding the assets; the amount that could be realized by selling the assets at the statement of financial position date; and the amount expected to be realized by exercising any rights to collateral held against those assets.

For related party equity instruments initially measured at cost, the Society reduces the carrying amount of the asset (or group of assets), to the amount that could be realized by selling the asset(s) at the statement of financial position date.

Any impairment, which is not considered temporary, is included in current year excess of revenue over expenses.

The Society reverses impairment losses on financial assets when there is a decrease in impairment and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess of revenue over expenses in the year the reversal occurs.

Internally restricted net assets

A reserve fund has been set-up by the board for future capital asset expenditures.

3. Cash

Included within the cash balance are restricted fund bank account balances totaling \$337,321 (2022 - \$405,370) bearing interest ranging from 2.55% to 3.05% (2022 - 0.50% to 1.10%) per annum. These funds are designated for the internally restricted reserves.

4. Funds held in trust

Funds held in trust consists of funds held by the Society for Women's Artistic Gymnastics, Tramps and Tumbling and Cheer funds. Fundraising for these programs is done by the parents where these funds are not spent on operations for the Society.

For the year ended June 30, 2023

2023

2022

Capital assets				
			2023	2022
	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value	Net book value
Computer equipment Equipment Leasehold improvements	110,342 834,704 64,062	97,576 721,930 52,474	12,766 112,774 11,588	13,525 128,265 -
	1,009,108	871,980	137,128	141,790
Accounts payable and accruals				
			2023	2022
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Wages and vacation payable Goods and services tax payable			19,408 18,750 78,279 8,546	18,978 14,500 67,574 1,060
			124,983	102,112

The Society has access to a Mastercard with a credit limit of \$20,000 (2022 - \$20,000) which is secured by all of the Society's present and acquired personal property. As of June 30, 2023, \$17,901 (2022 - \$11,745) has been drawn and is included in the accounts payable balance.

7. Deferred revenue and prepaid fees

	2023	2022
Deferred revenue Prepaid fees	227,652 56,799	176,517 51,068
	284,451	227,585

8. Long-term debt

CEBA loan repaid during the year. - 60,000

9. Financial instruments

The Society, as part of its operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Society is not exposed to significant interest, currency, credit, liquidity or other price risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

Credit concentration

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Society to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of trade accounts receivable.

At year end, there is no credit concentration (2022 - no credit concentration) of total trade accounts receivable.

For the year ended June 30, 2023

10. Contributed materials and services and commitments

The Society has a 25 year lease with respect to the land and building that the Society operates in. The lease commenced March 23, 2004 for \$1 per year. The Society has not recognized a contribution nor expense related to this contribution of facility rental. The fair value of the lease has not been determined, therefore, disclosure of the value of the unrecognised contribution is indeterminable.